Contribution Title in English

Name of First Author and Name of Second Author

Abstract The abstract should be written in English, each paper should be preceded by an abstract (no more than 10 lines long) that summarizes the content. Please insert your abstract here.

Key words: key word 1, key word 2, . . .

1 Section Heading

Use the template *chapter.tex* together with the Springer document class SVMono (monograph-type books) or SVMult (edited books) to style the various elements of your chapter content in the Springer layout.

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Further on please use the LaTeX automatism for all your cross-references and citations. And please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

Name of First Author
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2 Section Heading

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Use the standard `equation` environment to typeset your equations, e.g.

$$a \times b = c \,,$$ (1)

however, for multiline equations we recommend to use the `eqnarray` environment[1].

$$a \times b = c$$
$$\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$$ (2)

2.1 Subsection Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Further on please use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. .

> Please do not use quotation marks when quoting texts! Simply use the `quotation` environment – it will automatically render Springer's preferred layout.

2.1.1 Subsubsection Heading

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Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

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[1] In physics texts please activate the class option `vecphys` to depict your vectors in ***boldface-italic*** type - as is customary for a wide range of physical subjects

[2] If you copy text passages, figures, or tables from other works, you must obtain *permission* from the copyright holder (usually the original publisher). Please enclose the signed permission with the manucript. The sources must be acknowledged either in the captions, as footnotes or in a separate section of the book.

Paragraph Heading

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For typesetting numbered lists we recommend to use the `enumerate` environment – it will automatically render Springer's preferred layout.

1. Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.

   a. Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
   b. Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.

2. Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.

Subparagraph Heading

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For unnumbered list we recommend to use the `itemize` environment – it will automatically render Springer's preferred layout.

• Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development, cf. Table .

Fig. 1 If the width of the figure is less than 7.8 cm use the `sidecapion` command to flush the caption on the left side of the page. If the figure is positioned at the top of the page, align the sidecaption with the top of the figure – to achieve this you simply need to use the optional argument `[t]` with the `sidecaption` command
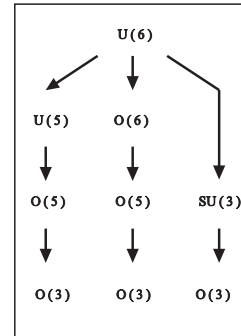
Fig. 2 If the width of the
figure is less than 7.8 cm use
the `sidecapion` command
to flush the caption on the left
side of the page. If the figure
is positioned at the top of the
page, align the sidecaption
with the top of the figure – to
achieve this you simply need
to use the optional argument
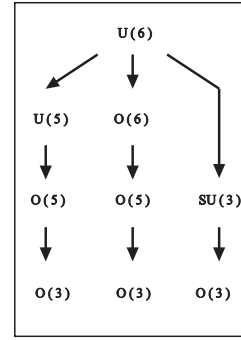`[t]` with the `sidecaption`
command

– Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioe-
conomic development.
– Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioe-
conomic development.

● Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeco-
nomic development.

Run-in Heading Boldface Version Use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-
references and citations as has already been described in Sect. .

Run-in Heading Italic Version Use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-refer-
ences and citations as has already been described in Sect. .

Table 1 Please write your table caption here

Classes	Subclass	Length	Action Mechanism
Translation	mRNA^a	22 (19–25)	Translation repression, mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA cleavage	21	mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA	21–22	mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA	24–26	Histone and DNA Modification

^{a} Table foot note (with superscript)

3 Section Heading

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heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Further on please use the
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described in Sect. .

Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

If you want to list definitions or the like we recommend to use the Springer-enhanced `description` environment – it will automatically render Springer's preferred layout.

Type 1   That addresses central themes pertainng to migration, health, and disease. In Sect. , Wilson discusses the role of human migration in infectious disease distributions and patterns.

Type 2   That addresses central themes pertainng to migration, health, and disease. In Sect. , Wilson discusses the role of human migration in infectious disease distributions and patterns.

3.1 Subsection Heading

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If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts we recommend to use the newly defined Springer class option `graybox` and the newly defined environment `svgraybox`. This will produce a 15 percent screened box 'behind' your text.

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts we recommend to use the newly defined Springer class option and environment `svgraybox`. This will produce a 15 percent screened box 'behind' your text.

3.1.1 Subsubsection Heading

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Theorem 1. *Theorem text goes here.*

Definition 1. Definition text goes here.

Proof. Proof text goes here.   □

Paragraph Heading

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   Note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

Theorem 2. *Theorem text goes here.*

Definition 2. Definition text goes here.

Proof. Proof text goes here.   □

Acknowledgements If you want to include acknowledgments of assistance and the like at the end of an individual chapter please use the `acknowledgement` environment – it will automatically render Springer's preferred layout.

Appendix

When placed at the end of a chapter or contribution (as opposed to at the end of the book), the numbering of tables, figures, and equations in the appendix section continues on from that in the main text. Hence please *do not* use the `appendix` command when writing an appendix at the end of your chapter or contribution. If there is only one the appendix is designated "Appendix", or "Appendix 1", or "Appendix 2", etc. if there is more than one.

$$a \times b = c \tag{3}$$

References

References may be *cited* in the text either by number (preferred) or by author/year.[3] The reference list should ideally be *sorted* in alphabetical order – even if reference numbers are used for the their citation in the text. If there are several works by the same author, the following order should be used:

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[3] Make sure that all references from the list are cited in the text. Those not cited should be moved to a separate *Further Reading* section or chapter.

1. all works by the author alone, ordered chronologically by year of publication
2. all works by the author with a coauthor, ordered alphabetically by coauthor
3. all works by the author with several coauthors, ordered chronologically by year of publication.

The recommended style for references[4] is depicted in [0, 0, 0, 0, 0].

1. Broy, M.: Software engineering — from auxiliary to key technologies. In: Broy, M., Dener, E. (eds.) Software Pioneers, pp. 10-13. Springer, Heidelberg (2002)
2. Dod, J.: Effective substances. In: The Dictionary of Substances and Their Effects. Royal Society of Chemistry (1999) Available via DIALOG.
http://www.rsc.org/dose/title of subordinate document. Cited 15 Jan 1999
3. Geddes, K.O., Czapor, S.R., Labahn, G.: Algorithms for Computer Algebra. Kluwer, Boston (1992)
4. Hamburger, C.: Quasimonotonicity, regularity and duality for nonlinear systems of partial differential equations. Ann. Mat. Pura. Appl. **169**, 321–354 (1995)
5. Slifka, M.K., Whitton, J.L.: Clinical implications of dysregulated cytokine production. J. Mol. Med. (2000) doi: 10.1007/s001090000086

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[4] Always use the standard abbreviation of a journal's name according to the ISSN *List of Title Word Abbreviations*.